News

Asian pharmaceutical researchers gathered at Japan-China Joint Medical Workshop on Drug Discoveries and Therapeutics 2008

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Japan-China Joint Medical Workshop on Drug Discoveries and Therapeutics 2008 (JCMWDDT 2008) was held at The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan, September 29, 2008. The workshop was started with an announcement by Chairperson from Japan, Dr. Sekimizu (Department of Microbiology, Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, The University of Tokyo, Japan; Editor-in-Chief of Drug Discoveries & Therapeutics, DDT) followed by a series of speech by Chairperson from China, Dr. Wenfang Xu (School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Shandong University, Shandong, China; Editor in China Office of DDT), Dr. Norio Matsuki (The University of Tokyo, Japan; Editor of DDT), and Dr. Guanhua Du (Chinese Academy of Medical Science, China; Editor of DDT).

JCMWDDT has been firstly held on May of last year at Shandong University, Shandong, China, to promote research exchange in the field of drug discovery and therapeutic between Japan and China, which is mainly organized by editorial members of Drug Discoveries & Therapeutics (http://www.ddtjournal.com/home), a sister journal of BioScience Trends. JCMWDDT of this year is the second workshop and especially focuses on novel development and technological innovation in anti-influenza virus agents. Annual outbreak of avian influenza in Asian countries including China and Japan spread fears of a mutation of the virus followed by a pandemic in human beings. Thus, it is crucially important for Asian countries to work together to control the infection.

The first lecturer, Dr. Xu, presented his advanced study entitled 'Design, synthesis and preliminary activity assay of influenza virus neuraminidase inhibitors' and showed a predictive structure-based drug design using a consistent QSAR model and a discovery of a novel series of lead compounds to inhibit influenza neuraminidase. Next, Dr. Sekimizu presented his creative study entitled 'Infection disease models with silkworms to evaluate the therapeutic effects of drug candidates' and stated the outstanding availability of silkworms in drug discovery.

The workshop is held for three days from September 29 to October 1 and 59 titles are going to be presented in 6 specialized sessions and a poster session (*Drug Discov*



Ther 2008; 2, Suppl). It is expected that JCMWDDT 2008 would provide opportunities to re-emphasize the crucial position of medicinal chemistry to conquer influenza and create an environment for cooperative researches among Asian countries. (reported on September 29)

Main program

Session I. Research Advances in Drug Discoveries and Therapeutics

- Design, synthesis and preliminary activity assay of influenza virus neuraminidase inhibitors by Wenfang Xu (Shandong University, China)
- Infection disease models with silkworms to evaluate the therapeutic effects of drug candidates by Kazuhisa Sekimizu (The University of Tokyo, Japan)
- Japan's governmental approaches to facilitate drug development process by Makoto Shimoaraiso (Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan, Japan)
- Effective detection of the epidermal growth factor receptor

- mutation by the peptide nucleic acid-locked nucleic acid PCR Clamp by Sakuo Hoshi (The University of Tokyo Hospital, Japan)
- Design and synthesis of p53-MDM2 binding inhibitors by Yongzhou Hu (Zhejiang University, China)

Session II. Drug Synthesis/Clinical Therapeutics

- Pharmacogenomics-based clinical studies using a novel fully-automated genotyping system by Setsuo Hasegawa (Sekino Clinical Pharmacology Clinic, Japan)
- Synthesis and biological evaluation of pentacyclic triterpenes as anti-tumor agents by Hongbin Sun (China Pharmaceutical University, China)
- Drug discovery and therapeutics using silkworm as experimental animal by Yasuyuki Ogata (The University of Tokyo, Japan)
- Novel selective estrogen recetpor modulators (SERMs) with unusual structure and biological activities by Haibing Zhou (Wuhan University, China)

Session III. Medicinal Chemistry/Natural Products

- Synthesis and properties of isonucleosides incorporated oligonucleotides by Zhenjun Yang (Peking University, China)
- Isolation of antiviral compounds from plant resources using silkworm bioassay by Yutaka Orihara (The University of Tokyo, Japan)
- Synthesis and structural modification of tasiamide and the effect of these modifications on in vitro anticancer activity by Yingxia Li (Ocean University of China, China)
- Spirohexalines A and B, novel undecaprenyl pyrophosphate inhibitors produced by *Penicillium* sp. FKI-3368 by Junji Inokoshi (Kitasato University, Japan)
- Nosokomycins, novel anti-MRSA antibiotics, produced by Streptomyces sp. K04-0144 by OR. Uchida (Kitasato University, Japan)
- In vivo screening for antimicrobial activity of Thai Herbal Medicines using silkworm model by Santad Chanprapaph (Chulalongkorn University, Thailand)
- Novel electrochemical sensor of nitric oxide for screening anti-aging Traditional Chinese Medicine by Zilin Chen (Wuhan University, China)
- Polysacchride from green tea purified by silkworm muscle contraction assay induces innate immunity by increasing the expression of various inflammatory cytokine mRNA in human leukocytes by Saphala Dhital (The University of Tokyo, Japan)

Session IV. Anti-influenza Drugs

- Structure-activity relationship of flavonoids as influenza virus neuraminidase inhibitors and their in vitro anti-viral activities by Guanhua Du (Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences and Peking Union Medical College, China)
- Mechanisms and consequences of phagocytosis of influenza virus-infected cells by Yoshinobu Nakanishi (Kanazawa University, Japan)
- Nuclear export inhibitors; a possible target for novel anti-influenza viral drugs by Ken Watanabe (Nagasaki University, Japan)
- Catalytic asymmetric synthesis of oseltamivir phosphate directing toward its stable worldwide supply by Motomu Kanai (The University of Tokyo, Japan)
- Clinical effects of probiotic bifidobacterium in the prevention of influenza virus infections and allergic diseases by Jin-zhong Xiao (Morinaga Milk Industry Co.,

- Ltd., Japan)
- Production of anti-influenza PR8-scFv using a phage display by Normaiza Zamri (Tokai University, Japan)

Session V. Anti-infection/Antiviral Drugs

- Emerging infectious diseases and anti-viral drugs: Urgent need to develop effective drugs which cause less resistant virus by Nobuyuki Kobayashi (Nagasaki University, Japan)
- Design, synthesis and antiviral evaluation of novel heterocyclic compounds as HIV-1 NNRTIs by Xinyong Liu (Shandong University, China)
- Antiviral drug screening from microbial products by Eisaku Tsujii (Astellas Pharma Inc., Japan)
- Viral factors that determine the natural course of chronic hepatitis B viral infection by Hiroshi Yotsuyanagi (The University of Tokyo, Japan)
- Effect of andrographolide derivatives having α-glucosidase inhibition, on HBsAg, HBeAg secretion in HepG2 2.2.15 cells by Hongmin Liu (Zhengzhou University, China)
- Current and future antiviral therapy for influenza by Hideki Asanuma (Tokai University, Japan)
- Establishment of an HIV-based pseudotyping system as a safe model for screening inhibitors on bird flu H5N1 entry by Ying Guo (Peking Union Medical Collegee Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences, China)
- Strategy of discovery for novel antibiotics using silkworm infection model by Hiroshi Hamamoto (The University of Tokyo, Japan)
- Potent neuraminidase inhibitors and anti-inflammatory substances from Chaenomeles speciosa by Li Zhang (Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences and Peking Union Medical College, China)
- High-throughput screening assay for hepatitis C virus helicase inhibitors using fluorescence-quenching phenomenon by Hidenori Tani (Waseda University and National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, Japan)

Session VI. Biochemistry/Molecular Biology/Pharmacology

- A novel conjugate of low-molecular-weight heparin and Cu,Zn-superoxide dismutase: Study on its mechanism in preventing brain reperfusion injury after ischemia in gerbils by Fengshan Wang (Shandong University, China)
- A novel gene *fudoh* in SCCmec region regulates the colony spreading ability and virulence in *Staphylococcus* aureus by Chikara Kaito (The University of Tokyo, Japan)
- Water soluble fluorescent boronic acid sensors for tumor cell-surface saccharide by Hao Fang (Shandong Unviersity, China)
- Molecular characterization of the biosynthetic enzyme for the biotechnological production of tetrahydrocannabinol, the active constituent of marijuana by Futoshi Taura (Kyushu University, Japan)
- Galloyl cyclic-imide derivative CH1104I inhibits tumor invasion via suppressing matrix metalloproteinase activity by Xianjun Qu (Shandong University, China)
- Neuroprotection by inhibition of GAPDH-MAO B mediated cell death induced by ethanol by Xiao-Ming Ou (University of Mississippi Medical Center, USA)
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